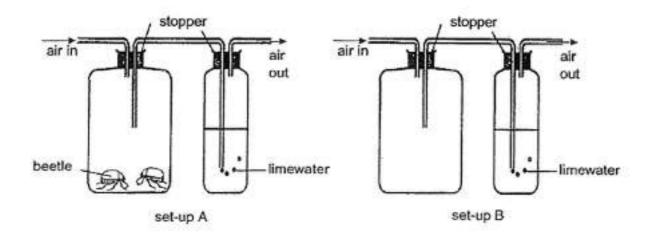
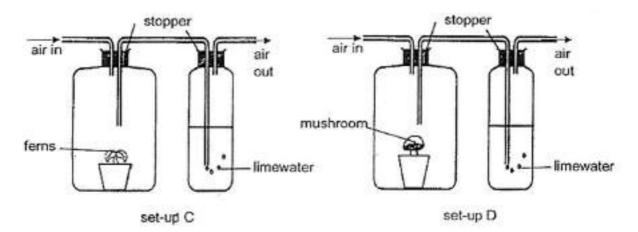
| Test: | Primary 6 Science (Prelim) - Rosy | yth (Y0) | |
|-----------------------|--|---|-------|
| Points: | 63 points | | |
| Name: | | Score: | |
| Date: | | _ | |
| Signature: | | | |
| · · | | _ | |
| Select multip | ple choice answers with a cross or ti | ck: | |
| Only sel | ect one answer | | |
| Can sele | ect multiple answers | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Question | 1 of 64 | Primary 6 Science (Prelim) | 2 pts |
| For each qu | uestion, four options are given. O | ne of them is the correct answer and | |
| make your | choice below. (56 marks) | | |
| All nlants | | | |
| 7 til plants | | | |
| A) make | e their own food | | |
| B) repro | oduce by seeds | | |
| OC) bear | flowers and fruits | | |
| OD) need | doxygen at night only | | |
| Question | 2 of 64 | Primary 6 Science (Prelim) | 2 pts |
| | ago, a scientist discovered an anima eristics of animal P are as follows: | al P and studied its characteristics. Son | ne of |
| A lays egg | | | |
| B has four C can swin | | | |
| D can prod | luce milk to feed the young | | |
| Which of the | above characteristics made it diffic | ult to classify animal P as a mammal? | |
| A) A on | ily | | |
| OB) Don | ıly | | |
| OC) A an | d C only | | |
| ○ D) B an | d D only | | |

2 pts

Study the four set-ups as shown below. All set-ups were placed near a window on a sunny day.





Limewater changes from colourless to chalky in the presence of carbon dioxide. In which set-up will the limewater turn chalky the slowest?

- (A) A
- **○B**) B
- \bigcirc C) C
- (D) D

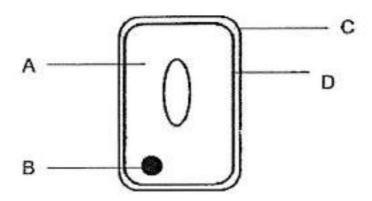
Question 4 of 64

Primary 6 Science (Prelim)

2 pts

Some scientists claim that plants will glow in the dark when modified.

Which part of the plant cell has been modified for the investigation?



- (A) A
- **○B**) B
- (C) C
- (D) D

Question 5 of 64

Primary 6 Science (Prelim)

2 pts

Which one of the substances is not transported by the human circulatory system?

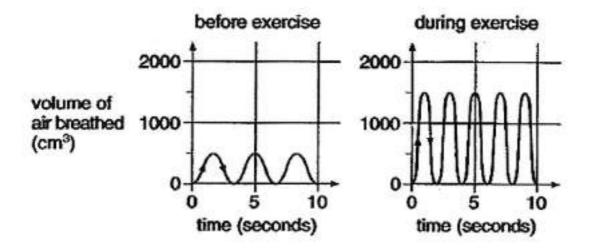
- A) water
- B) digested food
- C) carbon dioxide
- **D)** undigested food

Question 6 of 64

Primary 6 Science (Prelim)

2 pts

The two graphs below show Mary's breathing before exercise and during exercise respectively.



koey airin # † airout

In which ways will Mary's breathing change during exe

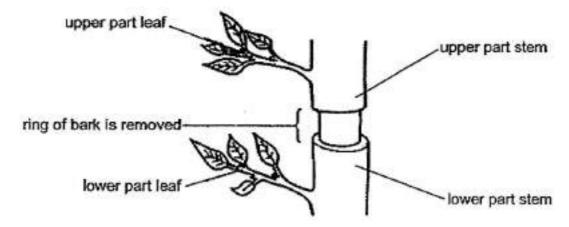
- A Time taken for one breath
- B Volume of oxygen breathed in
- C Volume of nitrogen breathed out
- D Volume of carbon dioxide breathed out
- **A)** A and B only
- **B)** C and D only
- C) A, B and D only
- **D**) A, B, C and D

Question 7 of 64

Primary 6 Science (Prelim)

2 pts

The diagram shows part of the stem of a small tree with a ring of bark removed. Removing the ring of bark takes away the food—carrying tube but not the water-carrying tube.



The effect of removing the ring of bark was observed after some time.

What would be the effect?

| \bigcirc A) | Upper | Part | Lower | Part |
|---------------|-------|------|-------|-------------|
| V / 1/ | Oppo. | | | |

| Stem | Leaf | Stem | Leaf |
|--------|-------|--------|-------|
| normal | green | normal | green |

Stem Leaf Stem Leaf
swollen wilt swollen wilt

Stem Leaf Stem Leaf swollen green normal wilt

Stem Leaf Stem Leaf swollen green normal green

Question 8 of 64

Primary 6 Science (Prelim)

2 pts

A group of boys wanted to carry out an experiment to find out if mopping the floor will increase their pulse rate.

The steps of their experiment are as follows:

- A Take a wet mop
- B Mop the floor continuously for 10 minutes
- C Stop mopping and measure the pulse rate immediately

Their teacher said that they have forgotten an important step and without that step, they cannot make a conclusion.

Which step should they include in their experiment so that they can make a conclusion?

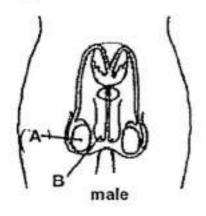
- A) Repeat the experiment
- Record the results in a table
- C) Measure the pulse rate at rest
- D) Measure the heart rate after mopping

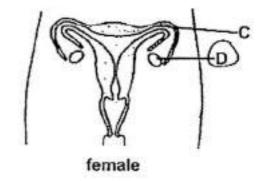
Question 9 of 64

Primary 6 Science (Prelim)

2 pts

The diagram below shows the human reproductive systems.





Where are the human reproductive cells produced?

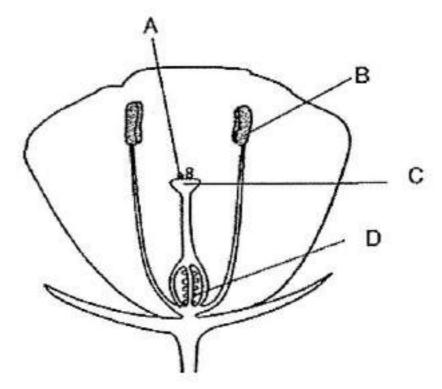
- A) A and C
- B) B and D
- C) A and D
- D) B and C

Question 10 of 64

Primary 6 Science (Prelim)

2 pts

The diagram shows a cross-section of a flower.



Which one of the following statements is correct?

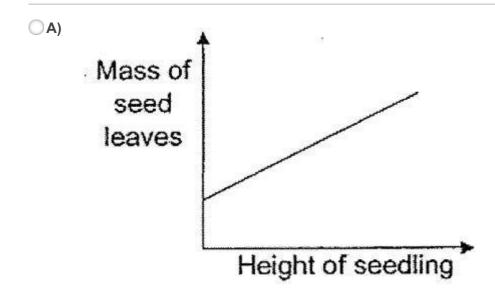
- **A)** Fertilisation occurs at D.
- **B)** A will become a seed after fertilisation.
- C) Pollen grains are transferred by insects to B.
- **D)** The reproductive cells are found in B and C.

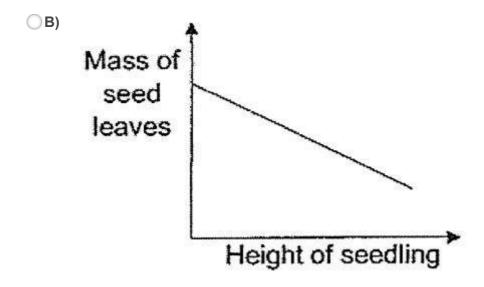
Question 11 of 64

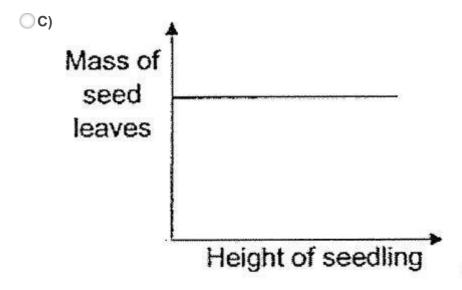
Primary 6 Science (Prelim)

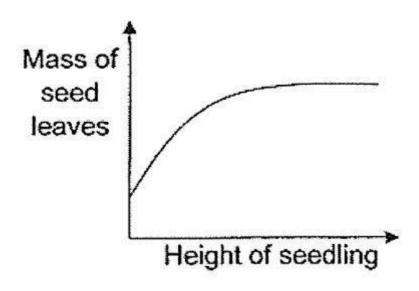
2 pts

Which graph correctly shows the relationship between the mass of seed leaves and the height of the seedling?







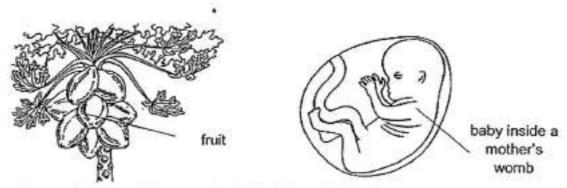


Question 12 of 64

Primary 6 Science (Prelim)

2 pts

The diagrams below show some fruits on a tree and a baby inside a mother's womb.



Alex made three statements about the fruit and the baby.

- A It develops into an adult.
- B It developed after fertilisation.
- C It obtains food from its parent for growth.

Which of the following is correct?

| (A) | Fruit | Baby inside a mother's womb |
|-------|-------|-----------------------------|
| | A, B, | C A, B, C |
| ○ B) | Fruit | Baby inside a mother's womb |
| | A, B | A, B, C |
| () C) | Fruit | Baby inside a mother's womb |
| | B, C | A, B, C |
| O D) | Fruit | Baby inside a mother's womb |
| | В, С | A, C |

Question 13 of 64

Primary 6 Science (Prelim)

2 pts

Ravi compared the life cycles of two animals and made the following statements.

- Both their young resemble the adult.
- Both animals have 3 stages in their life cycles.

Which animals was Ravi comparing?

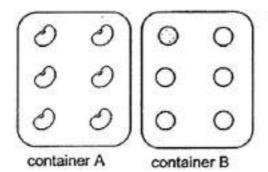
| (A) | Chicken and beetle |
|------|-------------------------|
| ○ B) | Butterfly and chicken |
| (C) | Grasshopper and beetle |
| (D) | Chicken and grasshopper |

Question 14 of 64

Primary 6 Science (Prelim)

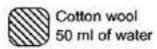
2 pts

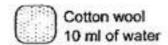
Siti carried out an experiment on germination of seeds using two different types of seeds placed in identical containers A and B as shown below.

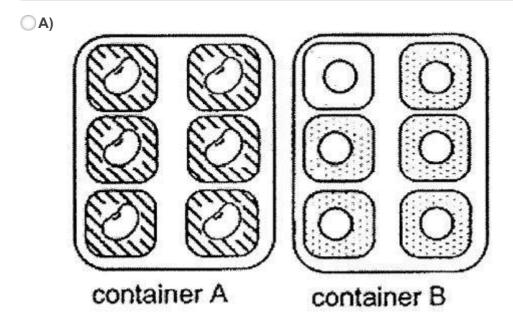


She predicted that the seeds will germinate faster with 50 ml of water. However, her friend predicted that adding only 10 ml of water will help the seeds to germinate faster.

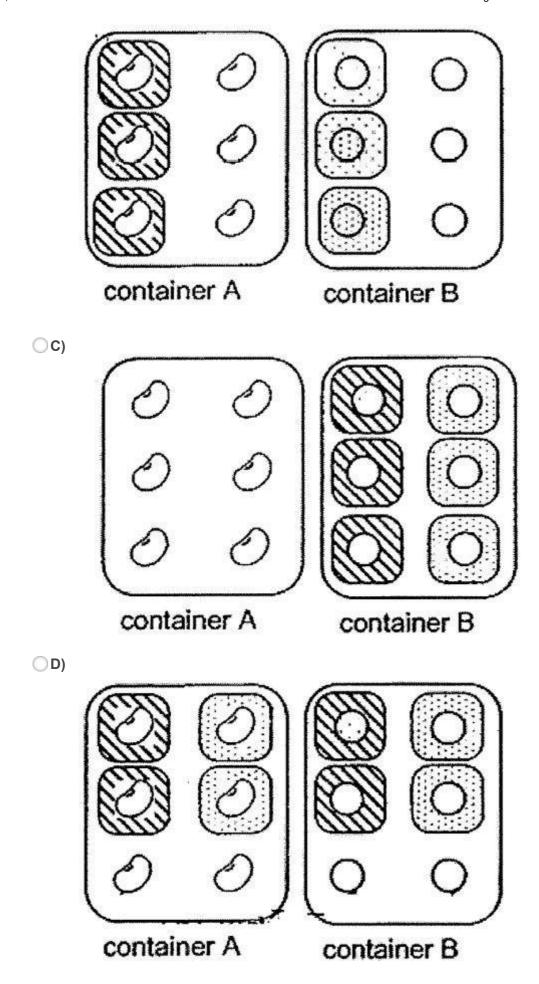
Which of the following set-ups should Siti use to provide a correct test for both their predictions?







(B)

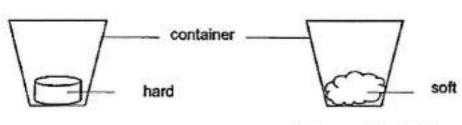


Question 15 of 64

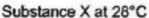
Primary 6 Science (Prelim)

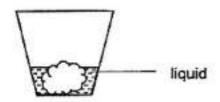
2 pts

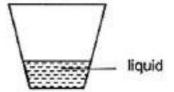
The diagram below shows Substance X in a container at various temperatures.



Substance X at 10°C







Substance X at 32°C

Substance X at 40°C

Based on the above information, which one of the following is the melting point of Substance X?

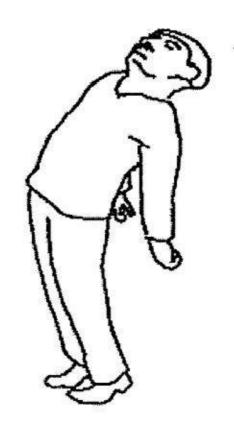
- **A**) 10°C
- ○**B**) 28°C
- **C**) 32°C
- **D**) 40°C

Question 16 of 64

Primary 6 Science (Prelim)

2 pts

The diagram shows what a person can do.



This shows the property of ______.

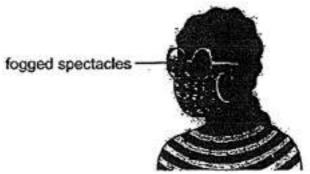
- A) strength
- **B)** elasticity
- OC) flexibility
- O) waterproof

Question 17 of 64

Primary 6 Science (Prelim)

2 pts

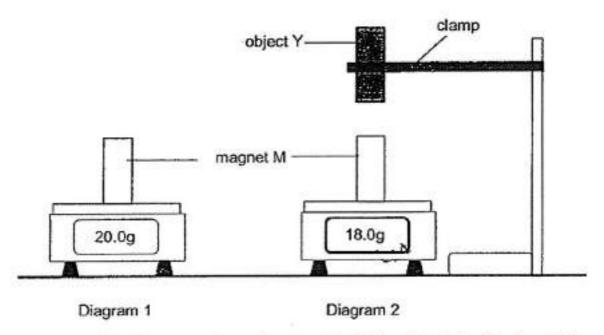
Mrs Tan realises that there is fogging on her spectacles when she wears her mask as shown.



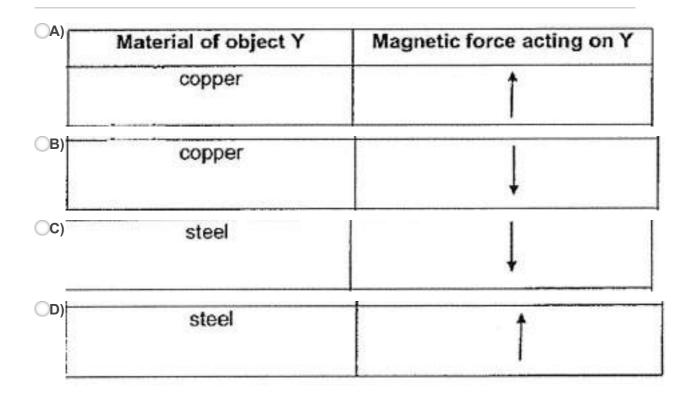
Which of the following correctly shows where the fogging takes place and where the warmer water vapour comes from?

| Fogging takes place on the surface of spectacles | Warmer water vapour comes from |
|--|--|
| inner | Mrs Tan's breath |
| Fogging takes place on the surface of spectacles | Warmer water vapour comes from |
| outer | Mrs Tan's breath |
| Fogging takes place on the surface of spectacles | Warmer water vapour comes from |
| inner | the surrounding air |
| Fogging takes place on the surface of spectacles | Warmer water vapour comes from |
| outer | the surrounding air |
| | of spectacles inner Fogging takes place on the surface of spectacles outer Fogging takes place on the surface of spectacles inner Fogging takes place on the surface of spectacles |

Diagram 1 shows the mass of magnet M when it is placed on an electronic balance. Diagram 2 shows its mass when another object Y is placed above it.

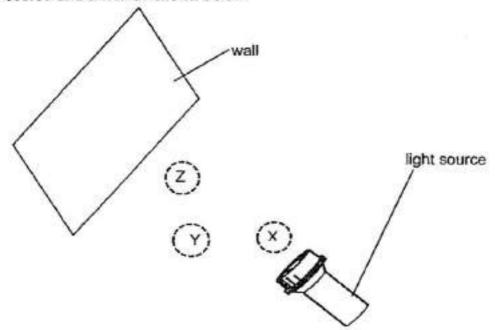


Which of the following shows the material of object Y and the direction of the magnetic force acting on object Y?

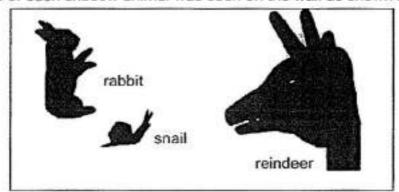


2 pts

Three children were making shadow animals with their hands. They placed their hands which were of the same size at positions X, Y and Z between a light source and a wall as shown below.



The size of each shadow animal was seen on the wall as shown below.



Which of the following shows the positions of the children's hands, X, Y and Z?

| (A) | reindeer | rabbit | snail |
|------|----------|--------|-------|
| | X | Υ | Z |
| ○B) | reindeer | rabbit | snail |

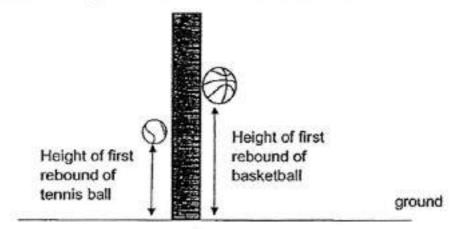
| 00) | reindeer | rabbit | snail |
|-----|----------|--------|-------|
| | X | Z | Υ |
| O | - I | 1 | 1 |

| () C) | reindeer | rabbit | snail |
|-------|----------|--------|-------|
| | Z | Υ | X |

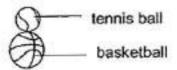
| O D) | reindeer | rabbit | snail |
|------|----------|--------|-------|
| | Z | Χ | Υ |

2 pts

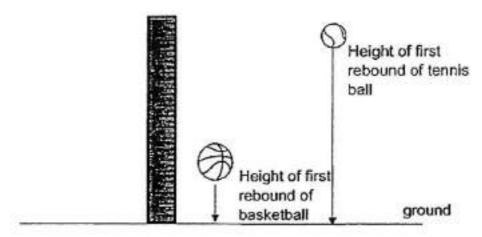
Dan released a tennis ball and a basketball each from the same height above the ground. The balls hit on the ground and bounced a few times before stopping. He measured the height of the first rebound for each ball as shown below.



Next, he placed the tennis ball on top of the basketball as shown below before releasing them from the same height.



He observed that the tennis ball bounced higher into the air than before as shown below.



Which one of the following is the best explanation for his observation?

- A) There was less friction between the tennis ball and the air.
- There was less friction between the basketball and the tennis ball.
- C) The gravitational potential energy of the basketball was converted to kinetic energy of the tennis ball.
- **D)** The elastic potential energy of the compressed basketball when it hit the ground was converted to kinetic energy of the tennis ball.

Question 21 of 64

Primary 6 Science (Prelim)

2 pts

Which one of the following is an example of the effect of a force?

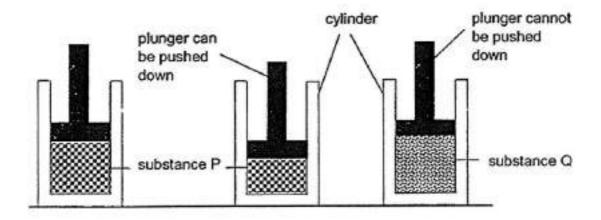
- A) Leaves falling from a tree.
- **B)** Ice cubes melting on a table top.
- C) Fish being cooked by the steam in a food steamer.
- D) A puddle of water gaining heat from the sun and evaporating.

Question 22 of 64

Primary 6 Science (Prelim)

2 pts

The diagram shows a cylinder and a plunger. When the cylinder was filled with substance P, the plunger was able to be pushed down to a certain extent but not when it was filled with substance Q.



Based on the observations, which of the following are correct?

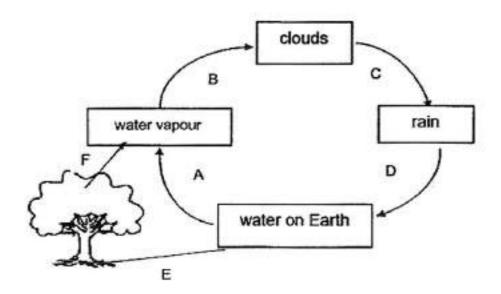
- A Substance Q has definite volume.
- B Substance Q has a definite shape.
- C. There are air spaces in substance P.
- **A)** A and B only
- **B)** A and C only
- C) B and C only
- **D)** A, B and C

Question 23 of 64

Primary 6 Science (Prelim)

2 pts

The diagram below shows the different processes, A, B, C, D, E and F, in a water tycle.



Which one of the following is correct?

| (A) | Involve a change of state | Involve(s) heat loss |
|------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| | A and B | В |
| ○ B) | Involve a change of state | Involve(s) heat loss |
| | A, B and F | В |
| (C) | Involve a change of state | Involve(s) heat loss |
| | A, B and F | С |
| (D) | Involve a change of state | Involve(s) heat loss |

С

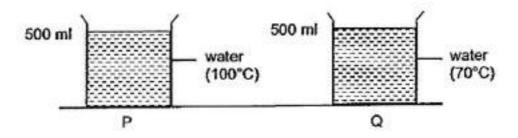
B, C, D and E

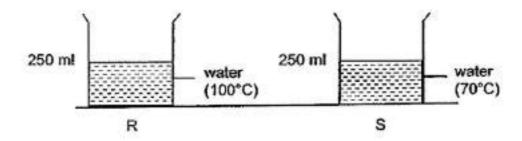
Question 24 of 64

Primary 6 Science (Prelim)

2 pts

Ahmad wanted to find out how the volume of water will affect the temperature of hot water over a period of time. He used four identical containers to set up P, Q, R and S as shown below.





Which two set-ups should he use for his experiment?

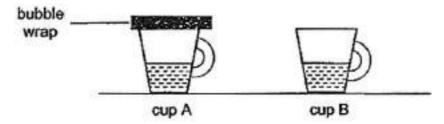
- **A)** P and Q only
- **B)** P and R only
- OC) Q and R only
- **D)** R and S only

Question 25 of 64

Primary 6 Science (Prelim)

2 pts

There were two identical cups, A and B, containing same amount of hot water on a table. The water was at the same temperature in both cups. Bala placed a piece of bubble wrap onto cup A as shown in the diagram below.



After five minutes, Bala observed that the water in cup A had a higher temperature than that in cup B.

Which of the following could be the most likely reason for the observation above?

| | | | _ | | | | | | |
|------|----------|-------------|----------|----------|---------|--------|---------|-------|--|
|) A) | Heat was | transferred | from the | : bubble | wrap to | the wa | ater in | cup A | |

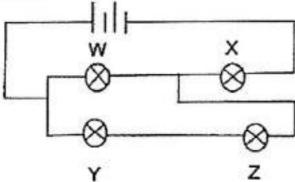
- The bubble wrap increased the rate of evaporation of the water in cup A.
- The bubble wrap increased the rate of condensation of the water in cup A.
- **D)** The bubble wrap reduced the heat transfer from the water in cup A to the surroundings.

Question 26 of 64

Primary 6 Science (Prelim)

2 pts

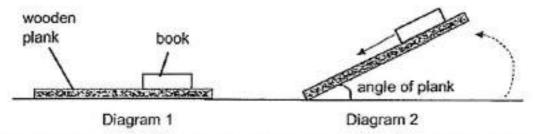
Study the circuit.



Which bulb when blown allows the other three bulbs to remain lit?

- (A) W
- B) X
- (C) Y
- (D) Z

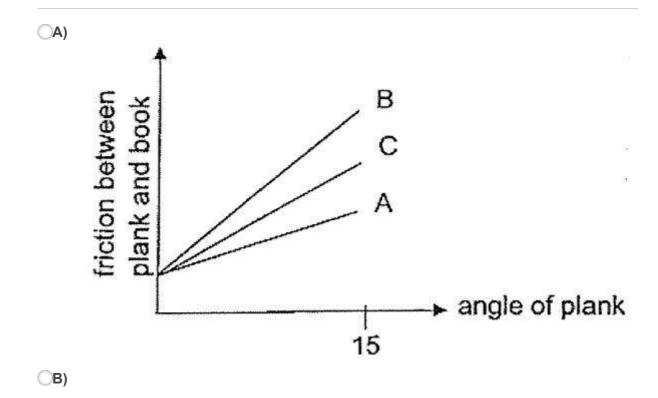
Ravi placed a book on a wooden plank as shown in Diagram 1. He raised the wooden plank till the book starts to slide down and then he measured the angle of plank as shown in Diagram 2.

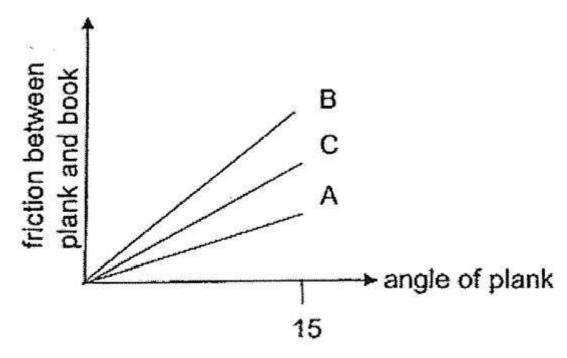


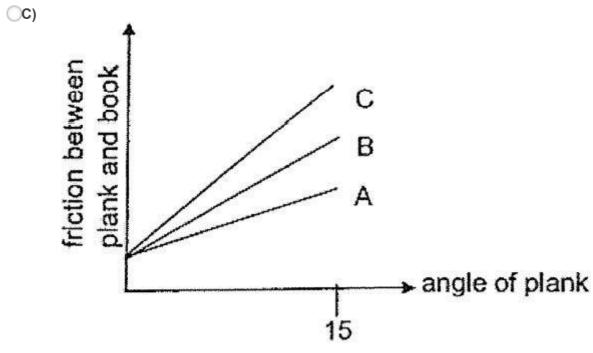
The table below shows the results for different types of wooden planks, A, B and C.

| Wooden Plank | Angle of plank when the book starts to slide down (°) |
|--------------|--|
| A | 20 |
| В | 70 |
| С | 50 |

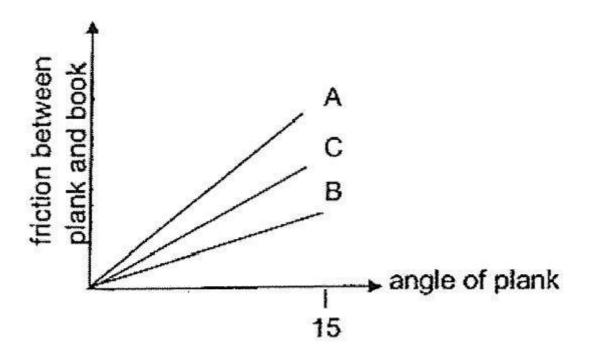
Which of the following correctly shows the relationship between the angle of plank and the amount of friction between the plank and the book?







OD)

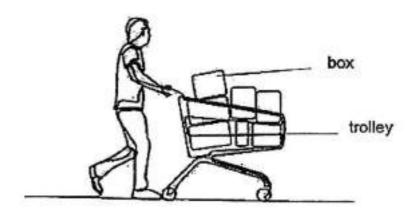


Question 28 of 64

Primary 6 Science (Prelim)

2 pts

Asri used a trolley to push some boxes for delivery. He was able to push the trolley faster after each box was delivered.



Which of the following explain the phenomenon?

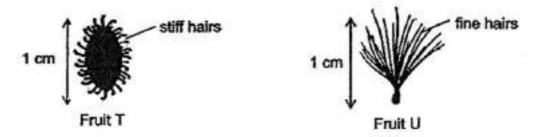
- A There was less friction between the trolley and the floor.
- B He has to overcome less gravitational force between the trolley and the Earth.
- C More kinetic energy of Asri was converted to more kinetic energy of the trolley.
- **A)** A and B only
- **B)** A and C only
- C) B and C only
- OD) A, B and C

Question 29 of 64

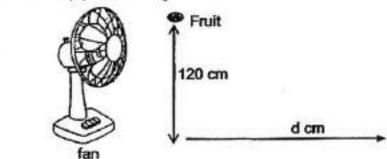
Primary 6 Science (Prelim)

0.5 pts

May conducted an experiment with two fruits, T and U, as shown.



She dropped fruit T and U from a height of 120 cm in front of a fan. She measured the distance,d, travelled by the fruits.



The results are shown below.

| Fruit | T | U |
|-----------------|---|----|
| Distance,d / cm | 5 | 50 |

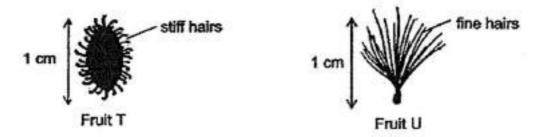
State the method of dispersal for fruit T.

Question 30 of 64

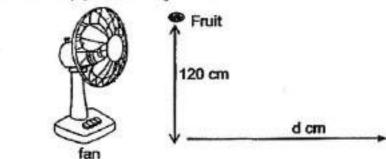
Primary 6 Science (Prelim)

0.5 pts

May conducted an experiment with two fruits, T and U, as shown.



She dropped fruit T and U from a height of 120 cm in front of a fan. She measured the distance,d, travelled by the fruits.



The results are shown below.

| Fruit | T | U |
|-----------------|---|----|
| Distance,d / cm | 5 | 50 |

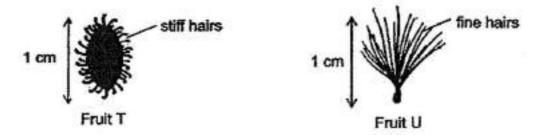
State the method of dispersal for fruit U.

Question 31 of 64

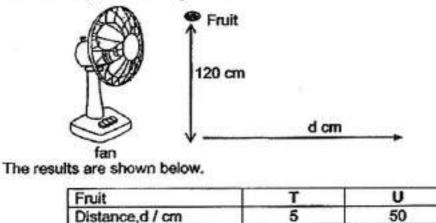
Primary 6 Science (Prelim)

0 pts

May conducted an experiment with two fruits, T and U, as shown.



She dropped fruit T and U from a height of 120 cm in front of a fan. She measured the distance,d, travelled by the fruits.



Explain why the distance travelled by Fruit U is further. (1 mark)

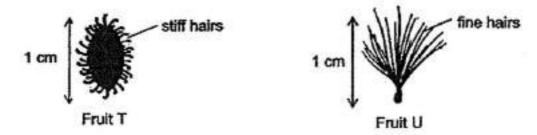
This question is designed for extended answers that parent/ teacher will have to assign and guide child to attempt after the test has been completed.

Question 32 of 64

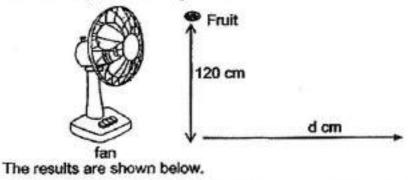
Primary 6 Science (Prelim)

0 pts

May conducted an experiment with two fruits, T and U, as shown.



She dropped fruit T and U from a height of 120 cm in front of a fan. She measured the distance,d, travelled by the fruits.



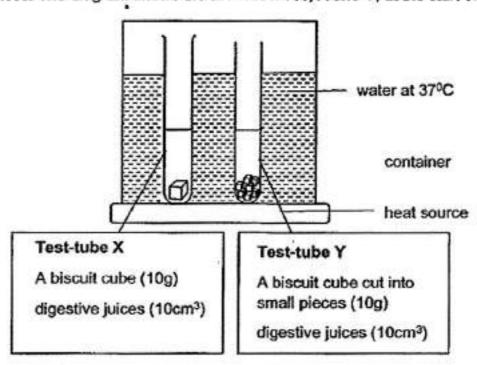
| Fruit | T | U |
|-----------------|---|----|
| Distance,d / cm | 5 | 50 |

How do young plants benefit when they grow further away from the parent plants? (1 mark)

This question is designed for extended answers that parent/ teacher will have to assign and guide child to attempt after the test has been completed.

0 pts

Hani wanted to investigate the process of digestion in human body using digestive juices. The diagram shows the two test-tubes, X and Y, at the start of experiment.



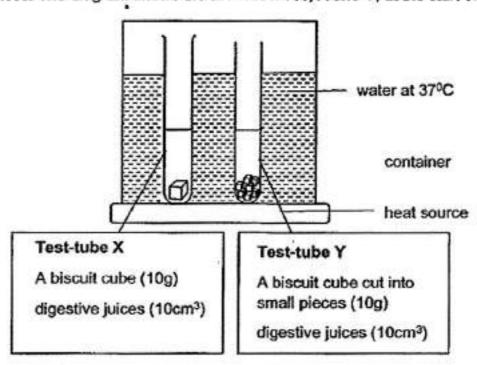
He measured the time for the biscuits to be completely digested.

Give a reason why Hani choose a temperature of 37°C for the water in the container. (1 mark)

This question is designed for extended answers that parent/ teacher will have to assign and guide child to attempt after the test has been completed.

2 pts

Hani wanted to investigate the process of digestion in human body using digestive juices. The diagram shows the two test-tubes, X and Y, at the start of experiment.



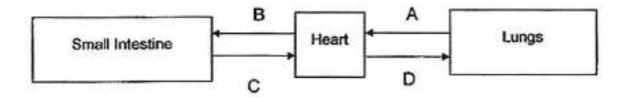
He measured the time for the biscuits to be completely digested.

In which test tube would the biscuit be completely digested first? Explain why. (2 marks)

This question is designed for extended answers that parent/ teacher will have to assign and guide child to attempt after the test has been completed.

1 pt

Hani studied the body systems in the human body as shown below. The arrows represent the flow of blood.



Which arrow represents the blood rich in digested food?

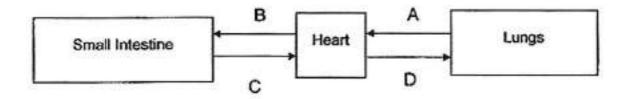
Arrow: _____

Question 36 of 64

Primary 6 Science (Prelim)

0 pts

Hani studied the body systems in the human body as shown below. The arrows represent the flow of blood.

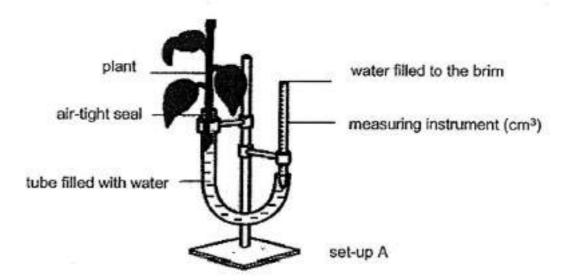


Describe how oxygen in the lungs reach the other parts of the body? (1 mark)

This question is designed for extended answers that parent/ teacher will have to assign and guide child to attempt after the test has been completed.

0 pts

May Ling investigated the volume of water taken in by plants using set-up A as shown below. She filled the tube with water until it reached the brim of the measuring instrument. Then she made a plant cutting to put in the tube and sealed it tightly.



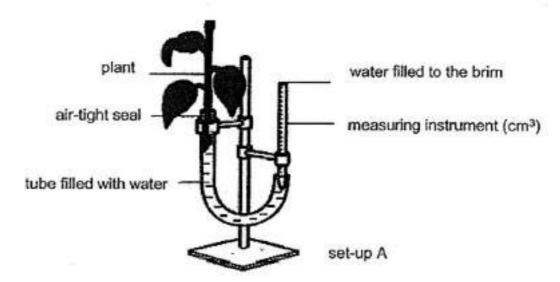
She measured the volume of water taken in by the plant in 30 minutes.

How did she measure the volume of water taken in by the plant? (1 mark)

This question is designed for extended answers that parent/ teacher will have to assign and guide child to attempt after the test has been completed.

0 pts

May Ling investigated the volume of water taken in by plants using set-up A as shown below. She filled the tube with water until it reached the brim of the measuring instrument. Then she made a plant cutting to put in the tube and sealed it tightly.



She measured the volume of water taken in by the plant in 30 minutes.

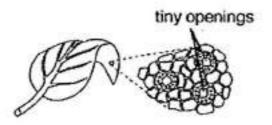
She repeated her experiment in the similar condition using two other set-ups, & and C, applying oil on different surfaces of the leaves as shown in the table below.

| Set-up | Upper surface | Lower surface |
|--------|----------------|----------------|
| В | Oil applied | No oil applied |
| С | No oil applied | Oil applied |

She recorded the volume of water taken in by the plant as shown below.

| Set-up | Volume of water taken in by plants in 30 minutes (cm ³) |
|--------|---|
| Α | 10 |
| В | 6 |
| С | 4 |

Leaves have tiny openings on their surfaces.

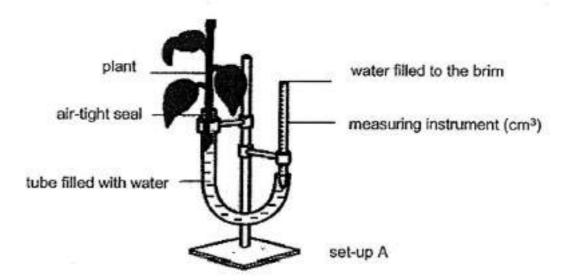


State one function of the tiny openings. (1 mark)

This question is designed for extended answers that parent/ teacher will have to assign and guide child to attempt after the test has been completed.

0 pts

May Ling investigated the volume of water taken in by plants using set-up A as shown below. She filled the tube with water until it reached the brim of the measuring instrument. Then she made a plant cutting to put in the tube and sealed it tightly.



She measured the volume of water taken in by the plant in 30 minutes.

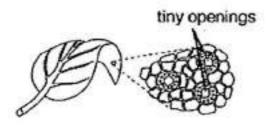
She repeated her experiment in the similar condition using two other set-ups, & and C, applying oil on different surfaces of the leaves as shown in the table below.

| Set-up | Upper surface | Lower surface | |
|--------|----------------|----------------|--|
| В | Oil applied | No oil applied | |
| С | No oil applied | Oil applied | |

She recorded the volume of water taken in by the plant as shown below.

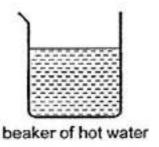
| Set-up | Volume of water taken in by plants in 30 minutes (cm ³) |
|--------|---|
| Α | 10 |
| В | 6 |
| С | 4 |

Leaves have tiny openings on their surfaces.



Based on the results in the table above, which surface of leaves (upper or lower) has more tiny openings?

Using only the materials shown below, describe a method and the observation to show your answer.





| Method: | | | |
|---------------|---|--|--|
| 20 | | | |
| Observation: | + | | |
| | | | |

This question is designed for extended answers that parent/ teacher will have to assign and guide child to attempt after the test has been completed.

Grading: This question type is not graded on this system and will not affect the final score as it was designed in such a way that it requires manual assistance.

[2]

Question 40 of 64

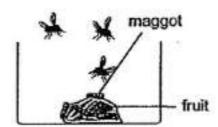
Primary 6 Science (Prelim)

0 pts

Paul left a piece of fruit in an open container A: After three days, he found maggots on a piece of fruit as shown below.

Container A

There were maggots on the fruit.



He researched and found out that maggots are the larvae of fruit flies.

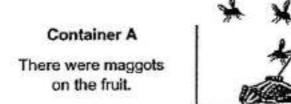
Draw and label the life cycle of the fruit fly in the box below. (1 mark)

This question is designed for extended answers that parent/ teacher will have to assign and guide child to attempt after the test has been completed.

fruit

0 pts

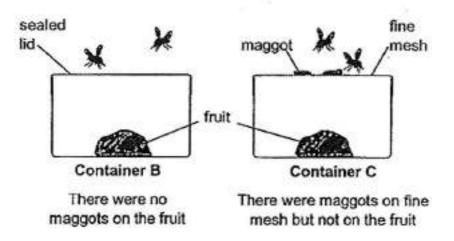
Paul left a piece of fruit in an open container A: After three days, he found maggots on a piece of fruit as shown below.



He researched and found out that maggots are the larvae of fruit flies.

Paul wanted to investigate if the type of seal of the container would affect the life cycle of fruit flies.

He placed a piece of fruit of the same size in two set-ups. After three days, the results were as shown below.



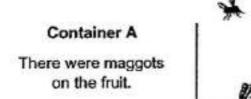
Explain why the maggots that hatched on the fine mesh in container C could not complete their life cycle. (1 mark)

This question is designed for extended answers that parent/ teacher will have to assign and guide child to attempt after the test has been completed.

fruit

0 pts

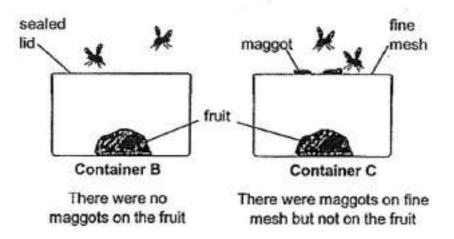
Paul left a piece of fruit in an open container A: After three days, he found maggots on a piece of fruit as shown below.





Paul wanted to investigate if the type of seal of the container would affect the life cycle of fruit flies.

He placed a piece of fruit of the same size in two set-ups. After three days, the results were as shown below.



Can containers, A and B, be used to confirm that maggots did not come from fruit? Explain why. (2 marks)

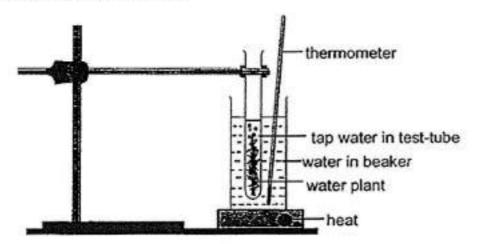
This question is designed for extended answers that parent/ teacher will have to assign and guide child to attempt after the test has been completed.

Question 43 of 64

Primary 6 Science (Prelim)

0 pts

Andrew wants to investigate how temperature of water affects the number of bubbles produced by the water plant in one minute. He set up the experiment as shown below in a lit room.



State all the requirements for the water plant to produce the bubbles. (1 mark)

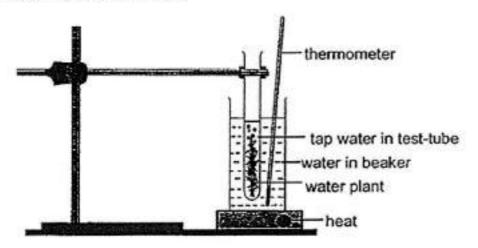
This question is designed for extended answers that parent/ teacher will have to assign and guide child to attempt after the test has been completed.

Question 44 of 64

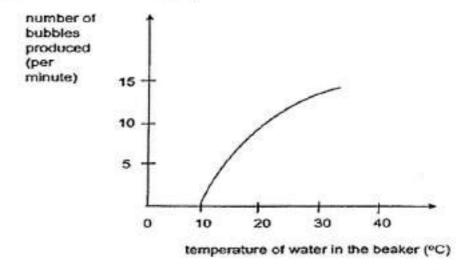
Primary 6 Science (Prelim)

0 pts

Andrew wants to investigate how temperature of water affects the number of bubbles produced by the water plant in one minute. He set up the experiment as shown below in a lit room.



Andrew counted the number of bubbles produced at different temperatures. His results are shown on the graph below.



State the relationship between the temperature of water and the number of bubbles produced. [2]

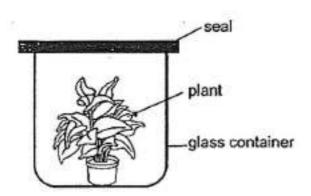
This question is designed for extended answers that parent/ teacher will have to assign and guide child to attempt after the test has been completed.

Question 45 of 64

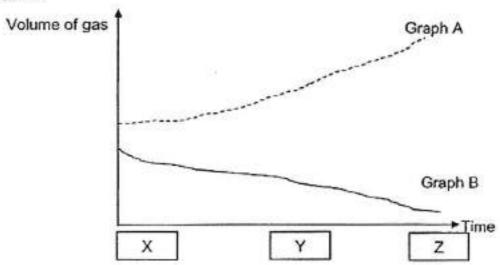
Primary 6 Science (Prelim)

0.5 pts

Melvin wanted to find out how the amount of oxygen and carbon dioxide changes in a plant. He placed a plant in a sealed glass container in a bright place.



He carried out his experiment and using his results, he plotted the graphs as shown below.



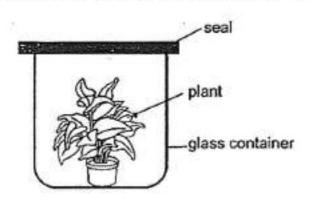
Identify the gas for Graph A.

Question 46 of 64

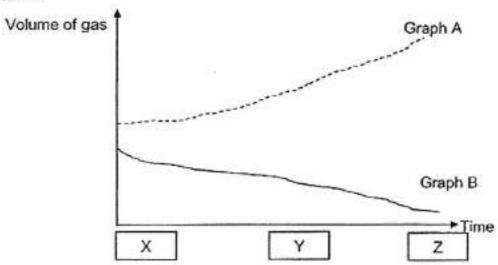
Primary 6 Science (Prelim)

0.5 pts

Melvin wanted to find out how the amount of oxygen and carbon dioxide changes in a plant. He placed a plant in a sealed glass container in a bright place.

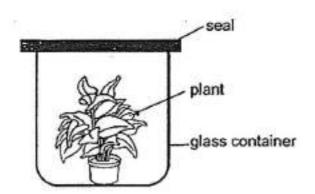


He carried out his experiment and using his results, he plotted the graphs as shown below.

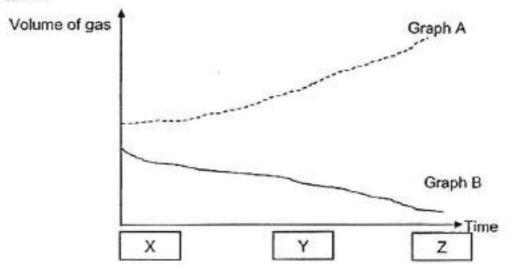


0 pts

Melvin wanted to find out how the amount of oxygen and carbon dioxide changes in a plant. He placed a plant in a sealed glass container in a bright place.



He carried out his experiment and using his results, he plotted the graphs as shown below.

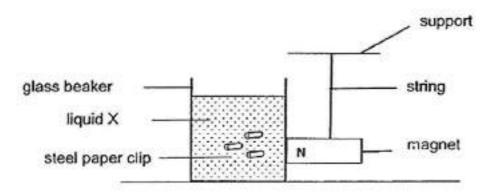


Which letter X, Y or Z represent 'Noon Time'? Explain why? (2 marks)

This question is designed for extended answers that parent/ teacher will have to assign and guide child to attempt after the test has been completed.

0 pts

Kumar placed three steel paper clips into a glass beaker containing liquid X. He used the North pole (N) of the magnet to touch the glass beaker as shown below.

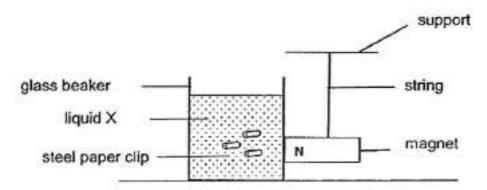


State a property of magnets that Kumar is trying to show? (1 mark)

This question is designed for extended answers that parent/ teacher will have to assign and guide child to attempt after the test has been completed.

0 pts

Kumar placed three steel paper clips into a glass beaker containing liquid X. He used the North pole (N) of the magnet to touch the glass beaker as shown below.



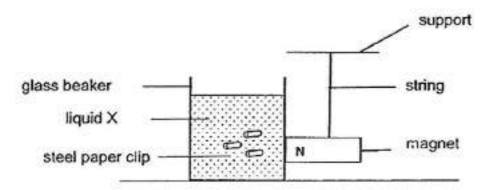
Kumar repeated the same experiment but he changed the part of the magnet touching the glass beaker. Using the same beaker, steel paper clips and magnet, he observed that the steel paper clips moved slower towards the magnet.

Which part of the magnet was touching the glass beaker? Explain. (1 mark)

This question is designed for extended answers that parent/ teacher will have to assign and guide child to attempt after the test has been completed.

0 pts

Kumar placed three steel paper clips into a glass beaker containing liquid X. He used the North pole (N) of the magnet to touch the glass beaker as shown below.



Kumar repeated the same experiment but he changed the part of the magnet touching the glass beaker. Using the same beaker, steel paper clips and magnet, he observed that the steel paper clips moved slower towards the magnet.

State another variable that Kumar must keep the same in the above experiment. (1 mark)

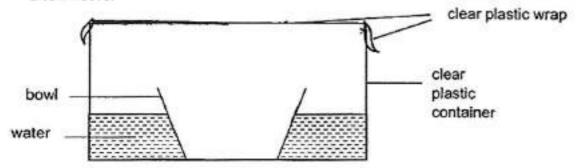
This question is designed for extended answers that parent/ teacher will have to assign and guide child to attempt after the test has been completed.

Question 51 of 64

Primary 6 Science (Prelim)

0 pts

A teacher, Mr Lim, set up the apparatus as shown. He placed it under the sun for a few hours.



Mr Lim then observed a decrease in the water level in the container.

Draw, in the diagram above, another possible observation he can make on the plastic wrap. (1 mark)

This question is designed for extended answers that parent/ teacher will have to assign and guide child to attempt after the test has been completed.

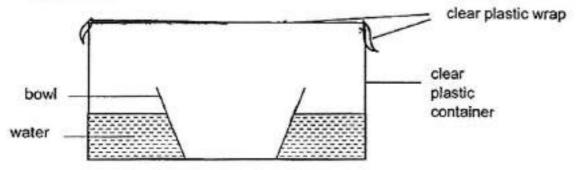
Grading: This question type is not graded on this system and will not affect the final score as it was designed in such a way that it requires manual assistance.

Question 52 of 64

Primary 6 Science (Prelim)

1 pt

A teacher, Mr Lim, set up the apparatus as shown. He placed it under the sun for a few hours.

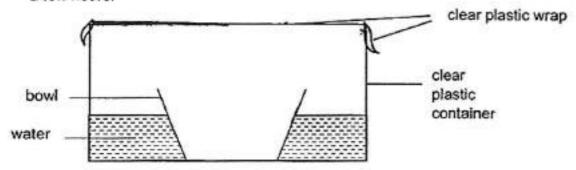


Mr Lim then observed a decrease in the water level in the container.

State the two processes involved for his observations to take place. (1 mark)

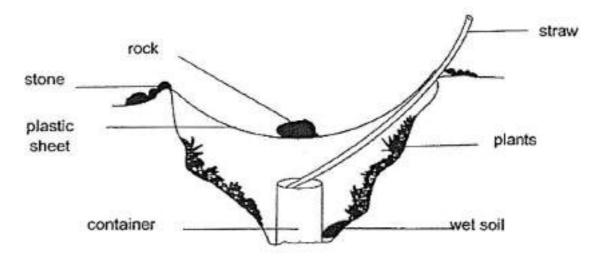
0 pts

A teacher, Mr Lim, set up the apparatus as shown. He placed it under the sun for a few hours.



Mr Lim then observed a decrease in the water level in the container.

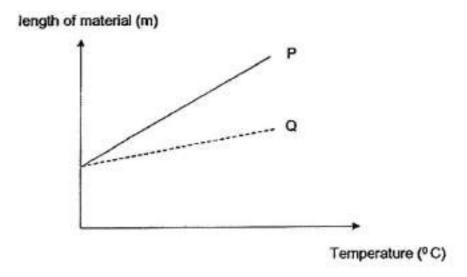
Mr Lim's students went for a hike in a jungle and they decided to use their teacher's method to collect drinkable water as shown below.



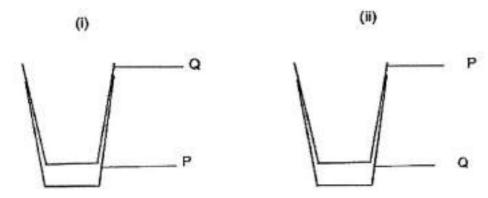
Suggest one way the students can collect more water. Explain why the method works. [2]

This question is designed for extended answers that parent/ teacher will have to assign and guide child to attempt after the test has been completed.

The graph below shows how the length of materials, P and Q, changes as temperature changes.



The containers made of material, P and Q, are stuck together in two different positions, (i) and (ii), as shown below.



Diwei was given a basin of hot water to separate P and Q.

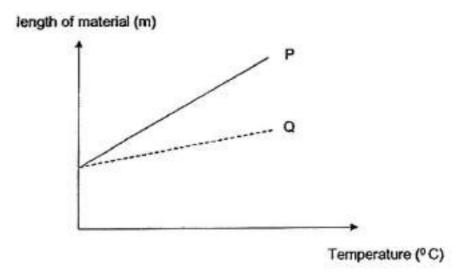
Based on the graph above, in which position (i) or (ii), could she use hot water to separate P and Q in a shorter time?

Draw and label to show how she could separate them. (1 mark)

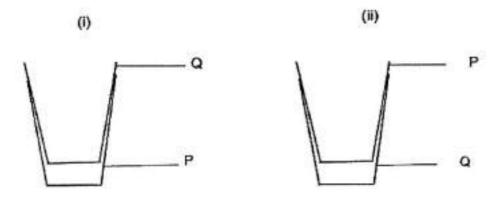
This question is designed for extended answers that parent/ teacher will have to assign and guide child to attempt after the test has been completed.

0 pts

The graph below shows how the length of materials, P and Q, changes as temperature changes.

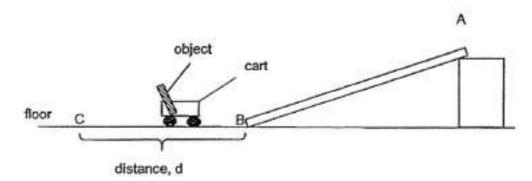


The containers made of material, P and Q, are stuck together in two different positions, (i) and (ii), as shown below.



Explain how the way in the previous question works to separate P and Q in a shorter time. (2 marks)

This question is designed for extended answers that parent/ teacher will have to assign and guide child to attempt after the test has been completed.



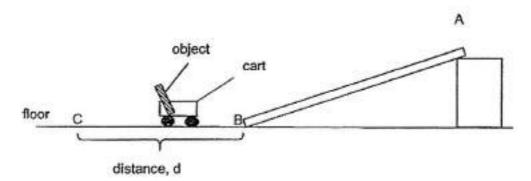
Pauline repeated the experiment using objects of different mass placed inside the cart. The results of her experiment are shown in the table below.

| Mass of Object in the cart (g) | Distance, d (cm) |
|--------------------------------|------------------|
| 50 | 10 |
| 100 | 16 |
| 150 | 22 |

Fill in the boxes below to show the energy conversion as the cart moved from A to C. [1]



This question is designed for extended answers that parent/ teacher will have to assign and guide child to attempt after the test has been completed.

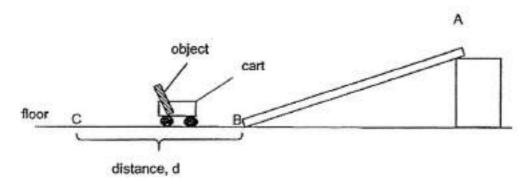


Pauline repeated the experiment using objects of different mass placed inside the cart. The results of her experiment are shown in the table below.

| Mass of Object in the cart (g) | Distance, d (cm) |
|--------------------------------|------------------|
| 50 | 10 |
| 100 | 16 |
| 150 | 22 |

Explain how the mass of the object affects the distance, d, that the cart moved. (2 marks)

This question is designed for extended answers that parent/ teacher will have to assign and guide child to attempt after the test has been completed.

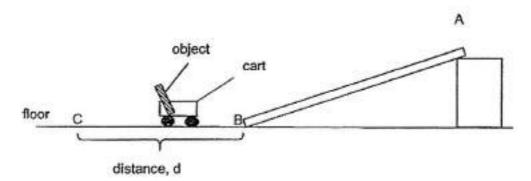


Pauline repeated the experiment using objects of different mass placed inside the cart. The results of her experiment are shown in the table below.

| Mass of Object in the cart (g) | Distance, d (cm) |
|--------------------------------|------------------|
| 50 | 10 |
| 100 | 16 |
| 150 | 22 |

Give a reason why Pauline used the same cart for her experiment. (1 mark)

This question is designed for extended answers that parent/ teacher will have to assign and guide child to attempt after the test has been completed.



Pauline repeated the experiment using objects of different mass placed inside the cart. The results of her experiment are shown in the table below.

| Mass of Object in the cart (g) | Distance, d (cm) |
|--------------------------------|------------------|
| 50 | 10 |
| 100 | 16 |
| 150 | 22 |

Pauline wants to modify her set-up to find out the relationship between the height of the ramp and the distance, d.

Suggest two ways to change her set-up. (1 mark)

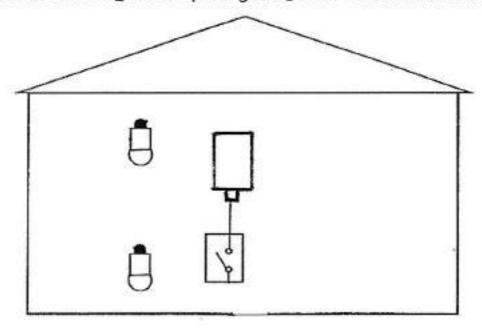
This question is designed for extended answers that parent/ teacher will have to assign and guide child to attempt after the test has been completed.

Question 60 of 64

Primary 6 Science (Prelim)

0 pts

Mei Ling sets up a toy house as shown in the diagram. She wants the two bulbs to be lit at the same time and of equal brightness when she closes the switch.



Complete the circuit in the diagram above so that it will work as described. (2 marks)

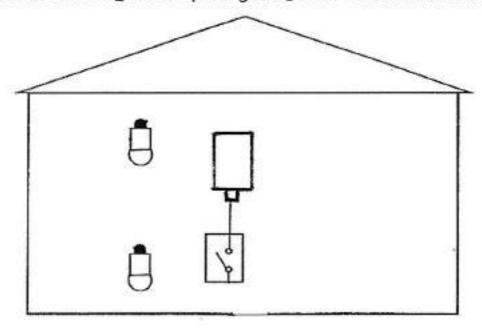
This question is designed for extended answers that parent/ teacher will have to assign and quide child to attempt after the test has been completed.

Question 61 of 64

Primary 6 Science (Prelim)

1 pt

Mei Ling sets up a toy house as shown in the diagram. She wants the two bulbs to be lit at the same time and of equal brightness when she closes the switch.



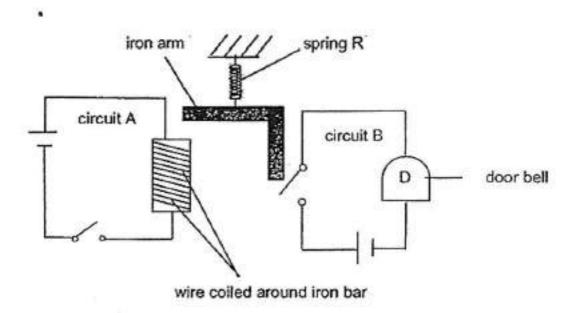
State the arrangement of the bulbs in your drawing. (1 mark)

Question 62 of 64

Primary 6 Science (Prelim)

0 pts

Tom set up a doorbell D using two circuits containing two switches as shown.



Explain how the doorbell rang when Tom closed circuit A. (2 marks)

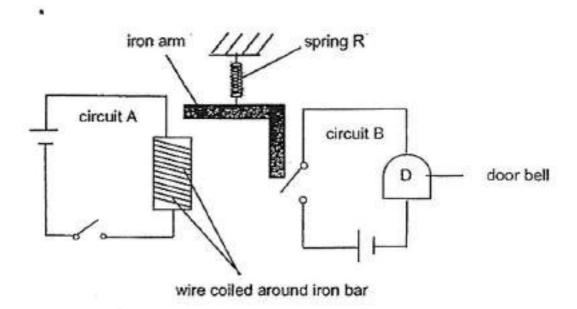
This question is designed for extended answers that parent/ teacher will have to assign and guide child to attempt after the test has been completed.

Question 63 of 64

Primary 6 Science (Prelim)

0 pts

Tom set up a doorbell D using two circuits containing two switches as shown.



Tom replaced spring R with another spring S and observed that the doorbell did not ring when circuit A was closed. Give a reason for his observation. (1 mark)

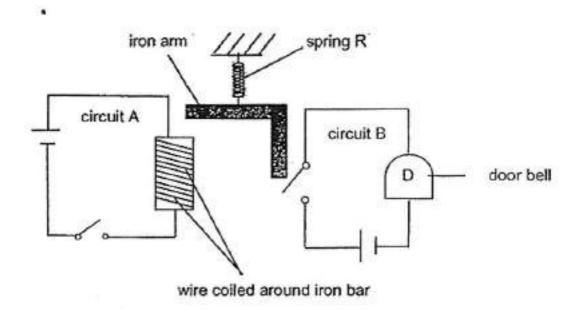
This question is designed for extended answers that parent/ teacher will have to assign and quide child to attempt after the test has been completed.

Question 64 of 64

Primary 6 Science (Prelim)

0 pts

Tom set up a doorbell D using two circuits containing two switches as shown.



Without changing spring S, what can Tom do if he wants the doorbell to ring when circuit A is closed? (1 mark)

This question is designed for extended answers that parent/ teacher will have to assign and guide child to attempt after the test has been completed.